



Wall PIR Sensor ECO-13



Manual

Welcome to use ECO-13 infrared motion sensor!

The product adopts good sensitivity detector and integrated circuit. It gathers automatism, convenience, safety, saving-energy and practical functions. It utilizes the infrared energy from human as control-signal source and it can start the load at once when one enters detection field. It can identify day and night automatically. It is easy to install and used widely.

SPECIFICATION:

Power Source: 220-240V/AC

Power Frequency: 50Hz

Ambient Light: <3-2000LUX (adjustable)

Time Delay: Min.10sec±3sec

Max.7min±2min

Rated Load: Max.500W

200W



Detection Range: 160°

Detection Distance: 9m max(<24°C)

Working Temperature: -20~+40°C

Working Humidity: <93%RH

Power Consumption: approx 0.5W

Installation Height: 1-1.8m

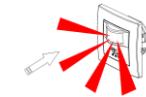
Detection Moving Speed: 0.6-1.5m/s

FUNCTIONS:

- Can identify day and night: The consumer can adjust working state in different ambient light. It can work in the daytime and at night when it is adjusted on the "sun" position (max). It can work in the ambient light less than 3LUX when it is adjusted on the "moon" position (min). As for the adjustment pattern, please refer to the testing pattern.
- Time-Delay is added continually: When it receives the second induction signals within the first induction period, it will compute time once more on the basis of the first time-delay rest.
- The switch: "ON", "OFF", "PIR".



Good sensitivity

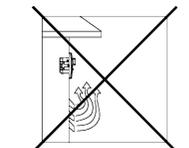
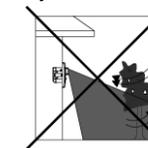
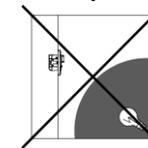
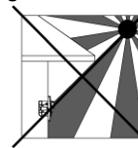


Poor sensitivity

INSTALLATION ADVICE:

As the detector responds to changes in temperature, avoid the following situations:

- Avoid pointing the detector towards objects with highly reflective surfaces, such as mirrors etc.
- Avoid mounting the detector near heat sources, such as heating vents, air conditioning units, light etc.
- Avoid pointing the detector towards objects that may move in the wind, such as curtains, tall plants etc.



CONNECTION:



Warning. Danger of death through electric shock!

- Must be installed by professional electrician.
- Disconnect power source.
- Cover or shield any adjacent live components.
- Ensure device cannot be switched on.
- Check power supply is disconnected.

- Unload the faceplate of sensor and adjust the time and LUX knob.(refer to figure 1)
- Loose the screws in the connection terminal, and then connect the power to connection terminal of sensor according to connection-wire diagram.
- If you want to install it in circular hole, put the sensor into the hole and tighten the splay bolt on both sides (refer to figure 2). If you want to install in quadrate hole, put the sensor into the hole, fix the screw through the mounting hole (refer to figure 3).
- Install back the faceplate, switch on the power and then test it.

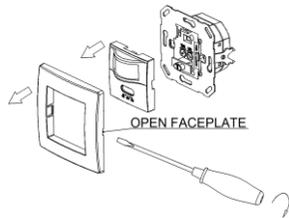


Figure1

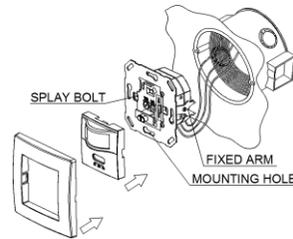


Figure2

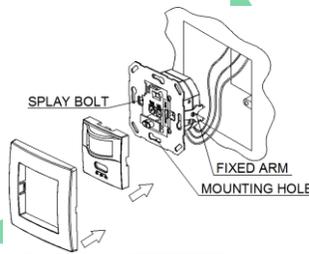
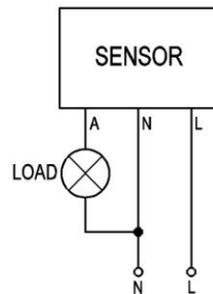


Figure3

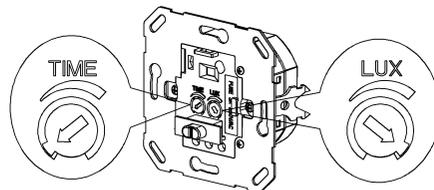
CONNECTION-WIRE DIAGRAM:

(See the right figure)



TEST:

- Set the function switch to “ON”, set “TIME” anti-clockwise to minimum, “LUX” clockwise to



maximum.

- Switch on the power, the lamp should be on.
- Set the function switch to “OFF”, the lamp should be off immediately.
- Set the function switch to “PIR”, at first the load and the indicator lamp don't work. After Warm-up 30sec, the indicator lamp turns on .Under the condition of no sense signal, the load should stop working within $10\text{sec} \pm 3\text{sec}$ and the indicator lamp would turn off.
- Set “LUX” anti-clockwise to minimum, if the ambient light is more than 3LUX, the inductor load should not work after the load stop working. If you cover the detection window with the opaque objects (towel etc), the load would work .Under no induction signal condition, the load should stop working within $10\text{sec} \pm 3\text{sec}$.

Note: when testing in daylight, please turn LUX knob to ☀ (SUN) position, otherwise the sensor lamp could not work! If the lamp is more than 60W, the distance between lamp and sensor should be 60cm at least.

SOME PROBLEM AND SOLVED WAY:

- The load do not work:
 - a. Please check if the connection-wiring of power and load is correct.
 - b. Please check if the load is good.
 - c. Please check if the working light sets correspond to ambient light.
- The sensitivity is poor:
 - a. Please check if there has any hindrance in front of the detection window to affect to receive the signal.
 - b. Please check if the ambient temperature is too high.
 - c. Please check if the induction signal source is in the detection fields.
 - d. Please check if the installation height corresponds to the height showed in the instruction.
 - e. Please check if the moving orientation is correct.
- The sensor can not shut off the load automatically:
 - a. Please check if there is continual signal in the detection field.
 - b. Please check if the time delay is the longest.
 - c. Please check if the power corresponds to the instruction.